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MADRID JUNIO 2017

Con la colaboración de
 **NOVARTIS**

 **Sociedad Española de
Reumatología**

REVIEW
Annual European Congress
of Rheumatology

Artritis psoriásica. Tratamiento

José Francisco García Llorente

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**THU0038: BIMEKIZUMAB DUAL INHIBITION OF IL-17A AND
IL-17F PROVIDES EVIDENCE OF IL-17F CONTRIBUTION TO
CHRONIC INFLAMMATION IN DISEASE-RELEVANT CELLS.**

Presenting Author

[Ash Maroof](#) (United Kingdom)

- IL17A: papel relevante en las enfermedades inflamatorias de etiología inmune.
- IL17F: ??

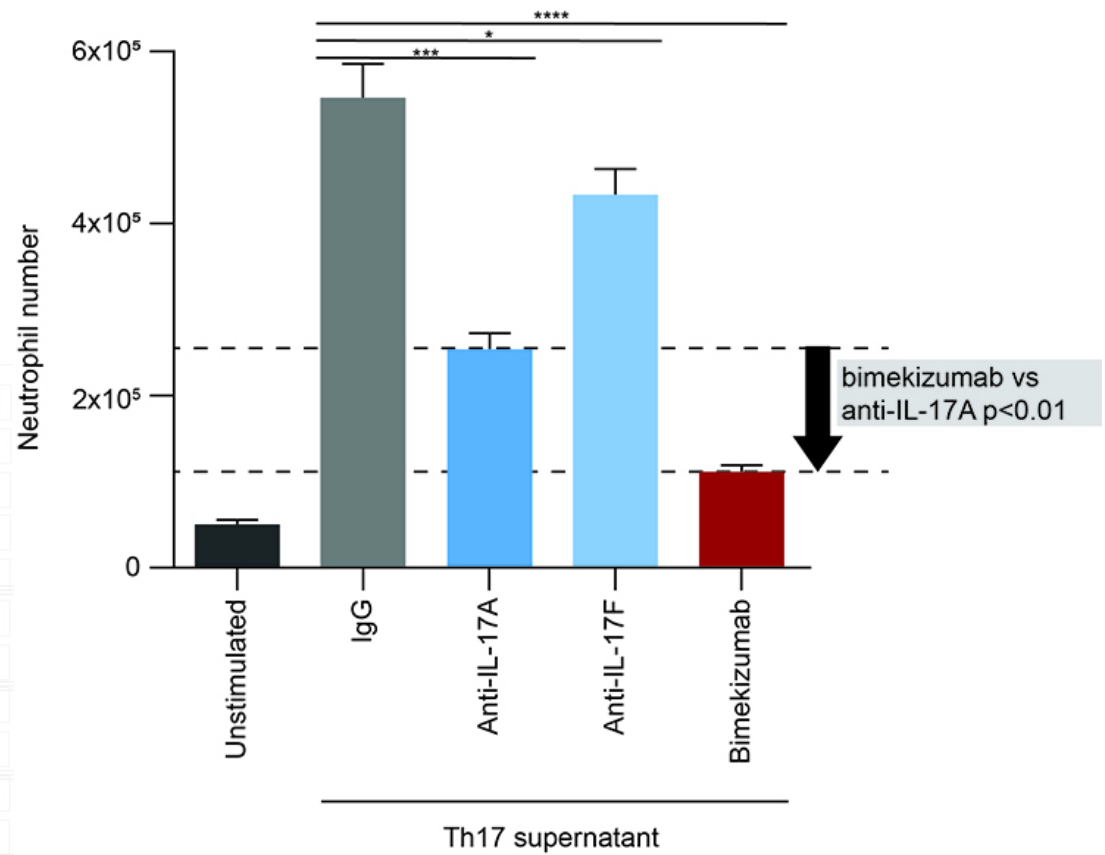
Bimekizumab: anticuerpo monoclonal humanizado anti IL17A e IL17F (UCB).

Estudios en APso y otras enfermedad de etiología inmune.

Valoran el papel de IL17F en la inflamación crónica en tejidos de pacientes con APso y sobre las células asociadas.

Ver el efecto de la neutralización dual frente a la de la IL17A sola:

- ▶ Estímulo con IL17F produce un incremento de mediadores inflamatorios (IL-6 e IL-8), pero menos que IL17A.
- ▶ EL bloqueo dual da mayores reducciones de IL-6 e IL-8 que el bloqueo solo de IL17A.



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**THU0155: IMPACT OF BASELINE MODIFIED RHEUMATIC DISEASE
COMORBIDITY INDEX (MRDCI) ON DRUG SURVIVAL AND
EFFECTIVENESS OF BIOLOGICAL DRUGS IN PATIENTS AFFECTED WITH
RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS (RA), SPONDYLOARTHRITIS (SPA), AND
PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS (PSA) IN REAL-WORLD SETTINGS.**

Presenting Author

Marco Fornaro (Italy)

mRDCI: Índice de comorbilidades en enfermedades reumáticas modificado.

Valoran: Impacto en la supervivencia y la efectividad de las terapias biológicas (DAS28 < 2.6). Retrospectivo.

Resultados:

- ♦ mRDCI basal está asociado con el número de cambios de tratamiento biológico.
- ♦ Persistencia del fármaco es mayor en aquellos cuyo mRDCI=0 que en los que es >2 (no en AR).
- ♦ Predictor de discontinuación definitiva del fármaco y de la imposibilidad de alcanzar la remisión DAS28.

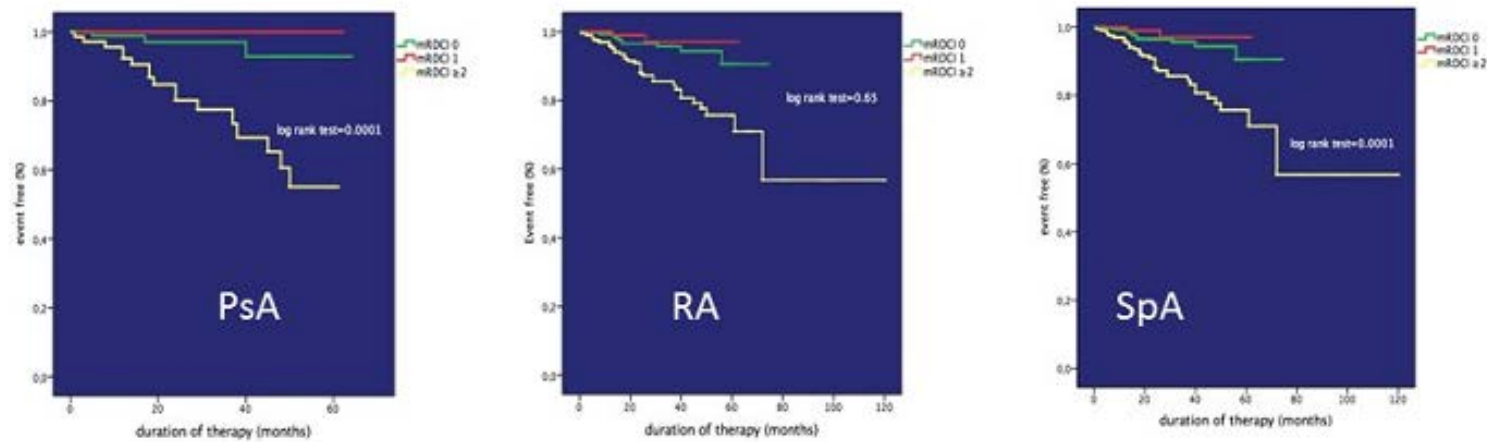


Figure 1. Kaplan-Meier curves for patients affected with Rheumatoid arthritis (RA), Spondyloarthritis (SpA), and Psoriatic Arthritis (PsA)

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**THU0381: CERTOLIZUMAB PEGOL IS EFFECTIVE IN UVEITIS
ASSOCIATED TO SPONDYLOARTHRITIS REFRACTORY TO
OTHER TUMOUR NECROSIS FACTOR INHIBITORS.**

Presenting Author

María Victoria Hernández (Spain)

Retrospectivo: EA (7), APSO (4), nr-axSpA (1) y SpA asociada a EII (1).

24 ojos de 13 pacientes, 84.6%: TB previa.

Seguimiento de 13.1 ± 6.6 meses (6-27):

- ▶ 9 pacientes siguen CZP.
- ▶ 10 ojos mejoraron la agudeza visual AV, 10 se mantuvieron estables y 2 empeoraron.
- ▶ 4 abandonos: 2 por empeoramiento articular, 1 edema macular y 1 uveitis activa.

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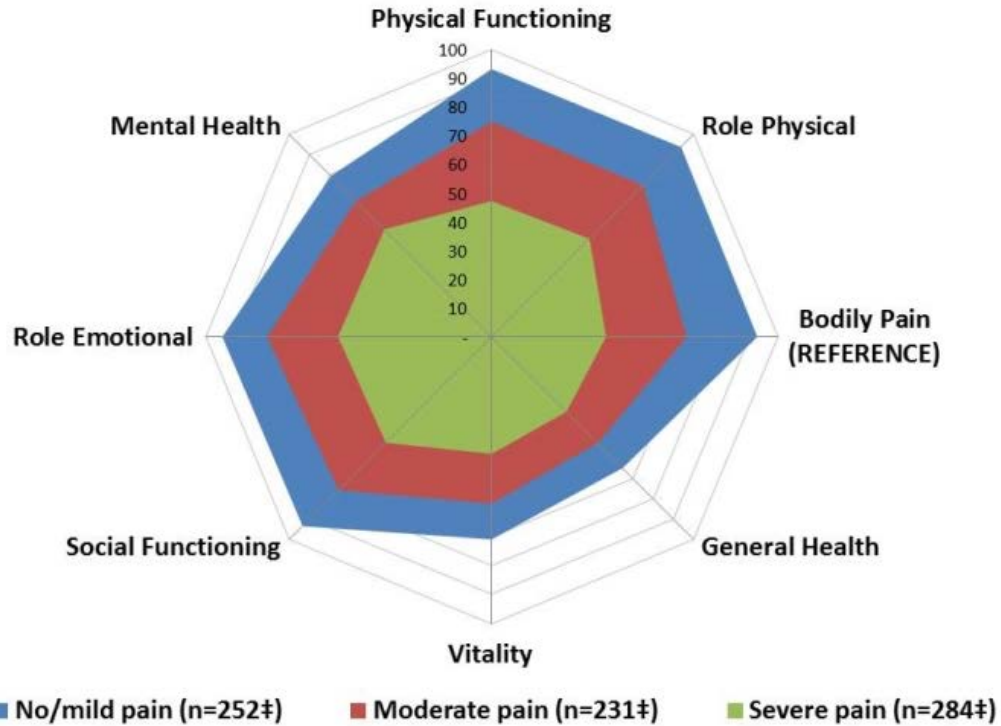
**OP0107: PAIN STILL REMAINS A HIGH UNMET NEED
AMONG PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS PATIENTS RECEIVING
EXISTING BIOLOGIC TREATMENT: RESULTS FROM A MULTI
NATIONAL REAL-WORLD SURVEY. Hall 7A**

Abstract Speaker

[Philip Conaghan](#) (United Kingdom)

- Pacientes con TB, 782 N, multinacional, transversal.
- 36% tiene dolor severo.
- Condiciona el deterioro de las medidas de desenlace más comunes HRQOL, SF-36, EQ-5D, HAQ-DI, perfil laboral, desempleo y jubilación.

Spydergram¹ of Health-Related Quality of Life by SF-36*



*P<0.0001 for all domains shown

‡Minimum base, base varies for each domain

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**OP0148: IMPACT OF A CARDIOVASCULAR EVENT ON
DMARD TREATMENT AMONG PATIENTS WITH RHEUMATOID
ARTHRITIS, PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS, OR PSORIASIS
N105 / N106.**

Abstract Speaker

Jeffrey Sparks (United States)

Tras un evento CV: buscar cambios en los tratamientos inmunosupresores.

Evento CV: IAM, ACV, repermeabilización cardíaca.

9 años de seguimiento: de 2006 a 2015, N=9529:

- ▶ 73% persisten en su tratamiento previo: más los que solo toman sFAMES solo y i-TNF asociados a sFAMES combinados.
- ▶ Menos persistencia en aquellos con TB no i-TNF.
- ▶ Aquellos que los suspendían eran más mayores, tenían PSO y ACV.

Table 1. DMARD treatment patterns for RA, PsA, or PsO patients following an initial CV event (N=9,529)

Treatment prior to CV event	N	DMARD treatment persisted, n (%)	DMARD treatment switched, n (%)	All DMARDs treatment discontinued, n (%)
Entire study sample	9,529	6,985 (73.3%)	1,498 (15.7%)	1,046 (11.0%)
TNFi monotherapy	1,760	1,323 (75.2%)	232 (13.2%)	205 (11.6%)
TNFi + csDMARD combination therapy	1,514	1,160 (76.7%)	299 (19.7%)	55 (3.6%)
csDMARD monotherapy	4,369	3,320 (76.0%)	528 (12.1%)	521 (11.9%)
≥2 csDMARDs combination therapy	808	518 (64.1%)	248 (30.7%)	42 (5.2%)
Non-TNFi biologic monotherapy	718	445 (62.0%)	63 (8.8%)	210 (29.2%)
Non-TNFi biologic + csDMARD combination therapy	360	219 (60.8%)	128 (35.6%)	13 (3.6%)

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**OP0201: A PHASE 3 STUDY OF THE EFFICACY AND SAFETY
OF IXEKIZUMAB IN PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE PSORIATIC
ARTHRITIS AND INADEQUATE RESPONSE TO TUMOUR
NECROSIS FACTOR INHIBITOR(S). Hall 8**

Abstract Speaker

[Peter Nash](#) (Australia)

- ▶ Ixekizumab: Ac monoclonal de alta afinidad para IL-17.
- ▶ vs PBO en iTNF- IR, estudio de 24 semanas.
- ▶ iTNF-IR: IR o intolerancia a 1 ó 2 iTNF.
- ▶ IXE 160 mg dosis inicial, seguida de 80 mg cada 2 ó 4 semanas.

No hubo diferencias en las entesitis, pero sí en las dactilitis en el grupo que tomaba cada 4 semanas.

Outcomes	Week 12			Week 24		
	Placebo (N=118)	IXEQ4W (N=122)	IXEQ2W (N=123)	Placebo (N=118)	IXEQ4W (N=122)	IXEQ2W (N=123)
ACR20 n (%)	26 (22.0)	61 (50.0)**	59 (48.0)**	23 (19.5)	65 (53.3)**	59 (48.0)**
ACR50 n (%)	4 (3.4)	38 (31.1)**	41 (33.3)**	6 (5.1)	43 (35.2)**	41 (33.3)**
ACR70 n (%)	2 (1.7)	18 (14.8)*	13 (10.6)*	0	27 (22.1)**	15 (12.2)**
HAQ-DI CFB LSM (SE)	-0.1 (0.06)	-0.4 (0.06)**	-0.4 (0.06)**	-0.2 (0.08)	-0.6 (0.07)**	-0.4 (0.07)**
DAS28-CRP CFB LSM (SE)	-0.6 (0.17)	-1.8 (0.17)**	-1.5 (0.16)**	-0.8 (0.20)	-2.1 (0.19)**	-1.8 (0.18)**
LEI (0) ^a n/N (%)	20/69 (29.0)	19/68 (27.9)	29/84 (34.5)	15/69 (21.7)	24/68 (35.3)	26/84 (31.0)
LDI-B (0) ^b n/N (%)	5/14 (35.7)	19/28 (67.9)	12/20 (60.0)	5/14 (35.7)	19/28 (67.9)	12/20 (60.0)
PASI 75 ^c n/N (%)	7/67 (10.4)	39/68 (57.4)**	42/68 (61.8)**	10/67 (14.9)	38/68 (55.9)**	41/68 (60.3)**
Minimal disease activity (MDA) n (%)	6 (5.1)	31 (25.4)**	21 (17.1)*	4 (3.4)	34 (27.9)**	29 (23.6)**
Safety, n (%)						
TEAE	--	--	--	76 (64.4)	83 (68.0)	90 (73.2)
SAE	--	--	--	4 (3.4)	3 (2.5)	8 (6.5)
Discontinued from AE	--	--	--	6 (5.1)	5 (4.1)	8 (6.5)
Infections	--	--	--	35 (29.7)	47 (38.5)	47 (38.2)
Serious	--	--	--	0	0	3 (2.4)
Oral candida	--	--	--	0	0	4 (3.3)
Injection site reactions ^d	--	--	--	5 (4.2)	14 (11.5)**	29 (23.6)**

Abbreviations: CFB=change from baseline; SAE=serious adverse event.

^aOnly pts with enthesitis at baseline (LEI >0) were included in the analysis.

^bOnly pts with dactylitis (LDI-B >0) at baseline were included.

^cOnly pts with psoriatic lesions ≥3% of BSA at baseline were included.

^dInjection site reactions is a high-level term consisting of multiple lower-level terms.

*P < 0.05, **P < 0.001.

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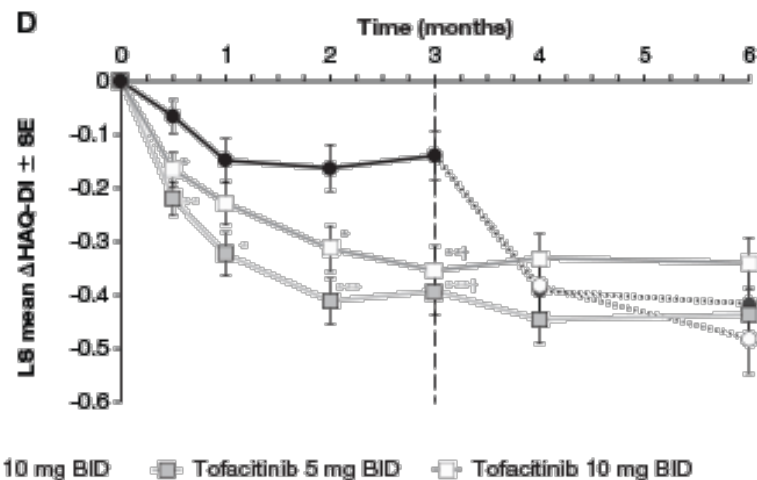
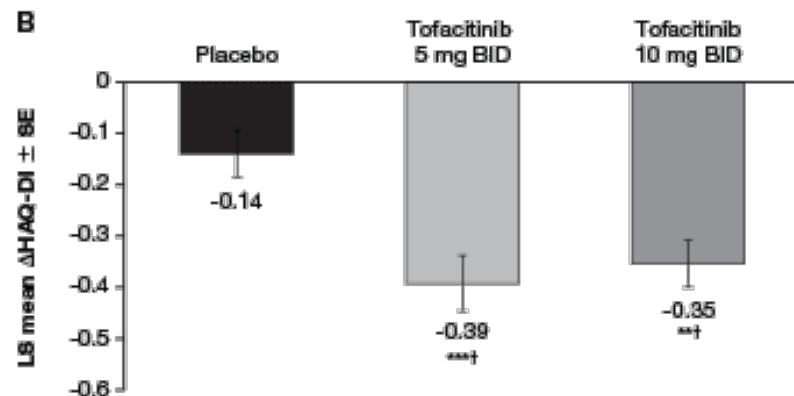
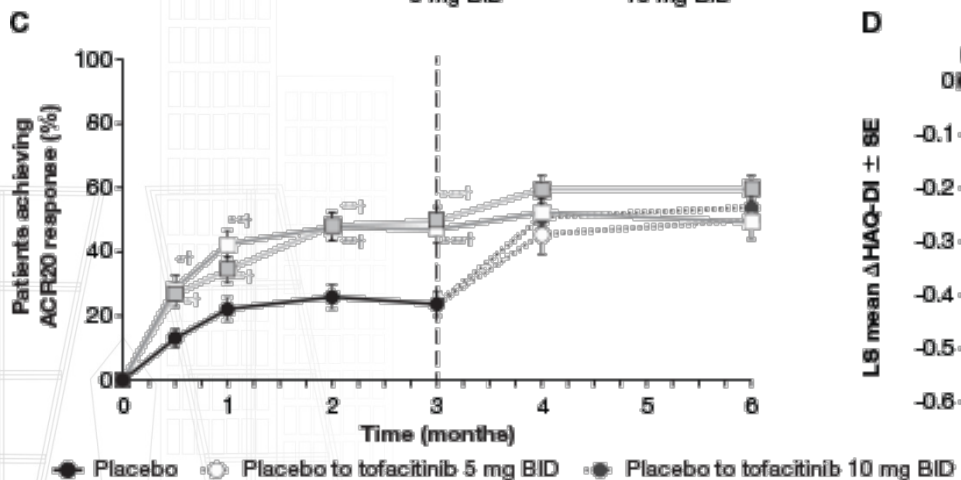
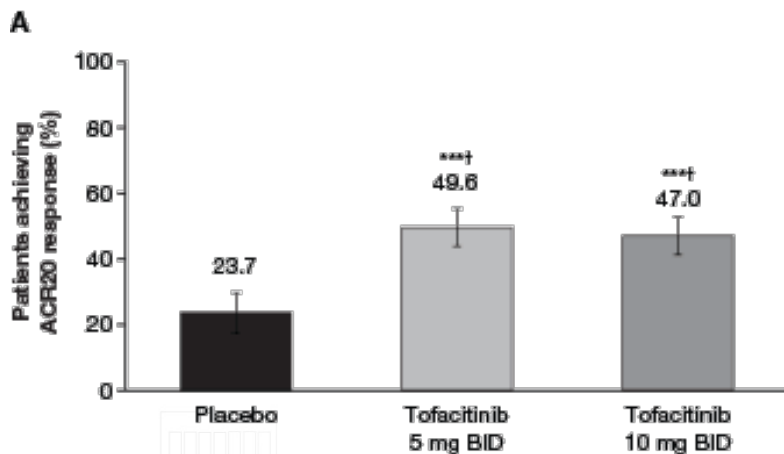
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OP0202: EFFICACY AND SAFETY OF TOFACITINIB, AN ORAL JANUS KINASE INHIBITOR, IN PATIENTS WITH ACTIVE PSORIATIC ARTHRITIS AND AN INADEQUATE RESPONSE TO TUMOUR NECROSIS FACTOR INHIBITORS: OPAL BEYOND, A RANDOMISED, DOUBLE-BLIND, PLACEBO-CONTROLLED, PHASE 3 TRIAL. Hall 8

Abstract Speaker

[Dafna Gladman](#) (Canada)

- ▶ Fase 3, de 6 meses de duración.
- ▶ > 1 iTNF-IR.
- ▶ Placa de psoriasis al inicio.
- ▶ Requería seguir con csFAME.
- ▶ 5mg y 10 mg, en dos tomas diarias.



E

	Up to M3	Up to M6			
	Placebo (N=131)	Placebo → tofacitinib 5 mg BID (N=66)	Placebo → tofacitinib 10 mg BID (N=65)	Tofacitinib 5 mg BID (N=131)	Tofacitinib 10 mg BID (N=132)
AEs, n (%)	58 (44.3)	40 (60.6)	38 (58.5)	93 (71.0)	96 (72.7)
SAEs, n (%)	3 (2.3)	2 (3.0)	1 (1.5)	5 (3.8)	8 (6.1)
Discontinuation due to AEs, n (%)	5 (3.8)	2 (3.0)	3 (4.6)	5 (3.8)	11 (8.3)
Deaths, n (%)	0	0	0	0	0
AEs of special interest, n (%) [day of onset]					
Serious infection	0	0	0	2 (1.5) [135, 166]	2 (1.5) [10, 69]
Herpes zoster (all non-serious)	0	0	0	1 (0.8) [77]	2 (1.5) [8, 156]
Malignancy ^b	0	0	0	0	0
MACE ^c	0	0	0	1 (0.8) [245]	1 (0.8) [94]

Nominal * $p \leq 0.05$, ** $p < 0.001$, *** $p < 0.0001$ vs placebo; [†]Achieved statistical significance at $p \leq 0.05$ per the pre-specified step-down testing procedure; dashed line indicates the end of the placebo-controlled period; ^aAll patients who received ≥ 1 dose of study medication; ^bIncluding non-melanoma skin cancer;

^cFor this trial, MACE included one myocardial infarction and one cerebrovascular event (stroke)

ACR, American College of Rheumatology; AE, adverse event; BID, twice daily; HAQ-DI, Health Assessment Questionnaire-Disability Index; M, month; MACE, major adverse cardiovascular event; n, number of patients with event; SAE, serious adverse event; SE, standard error